Informatics Practices (XI)

<u>Code No. (065)</u>

<u>Session – 2021-22</u>

Annual Examination March/April, 2022

Max .Marks - 35

Theory	EVALUATION SCHEME		
Unit			Marks
II	* Introduction to Python :		07
	- List Operations	04	
	- Dictionary	03	
III	Database Concepts & the Structured Query language		24
IV	Introduction To Emerging Trends		04
		Total	35

* Topics from Term-I

Unit 2:

Introduction to Python

- List operations creating, initializing, traversing and manipulating lists, list methods and built-in functions.: len(), list(), append(), extend(), insert(), count(), find(), remove(), pop(), reverse(), sort(), sorted(), min(), max(), sum()
- Dictionary: concept of key-value pair, creating, initializing, traversing, updating and deleting elements, dictionary methods and built-in functions: len(), dict(), keys(), values(), items(), get(), update(), clear(), del()

Unit 3:

Database concepts and the Structured Query Language

- Database Concepts: Introduction to database concepts and its need, Database Management System. Relational data model: concept of attribute, domain, tuple, relation, candidate key, primary key, alternate key, foreign key.
- Structured Query Language: Data Definition Language, Data Query Language and Data Manipulation Language, Introduction to MySQL: Creating a database, using database, showing tables using MySQL,
- Data Types : char, varchar, int, float, date.
- Data Definition Commands: CREATE, DROP, ALTER (Add and Remove primary key, attribute). Data Query Commands: SELECT-FROM- WHERE, LIKE, BETWEEN, IN, ORDER BY, using arithmetic, logical, relational operators and NULL values in queries, Distinct clause Data Manipulation Commands: INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE.

Unit 4:

Introduction to the Emerging Trends

- Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Natural Language Processing,
- Immersive experience (AR, VR), Robotics
- Big data and its characteristics, Internet of Things (IoT), Sensors, Smart cities,
- Cloud Computing and Cloud Services (SaaS, IaaS, PaaS);
- · Grid Computing, Block chain technology.

Distribution of Practical Marks

Торіс	Marks
SQL Queries (pen and paper)	8
Practical File SQL Queries - 20 Queries	4
Viva	3
Total	15

Data Management: SQL Commands

- 1. To create a database
- 2. To create a student table with the student id, class, section, gender, name, dob, and marks as attributes where the student id is the primary key.
- 3. To insert the details of at least 10 students in the above table.
- 4. To delete the details of a particular student in the above table.
- 5. To increase marks by 5% for those students who have Rno more than 20.
- 6. To display the entire content of the table.
- 7. To display Rno, Name and Marks of those students who are scoring marks more than 50.
- 8. To find the average of marks from the student table.
- 9. To find the number of students, who are from section 'A'.
- 10. To add a new column email in the above table with appropriate data type.
- 11. To add the email ids of each student in the previously created email column.
- To display the information of all the students, whose name starts with 'AN' (Examples: ANAND, ANGAD,..)
- 13. To display Rno, Name, DOB of those students who are born between '2005- 01-01' and '2005-12-31'.
- 14. To display Rno, Name, DOB, Marks, Email of those male students in ascending order of their names.
- 15. To display Rno, Gender, Name, DOB, Marks, Email in descending order of their marks.
- 16. To display the unique section available in the table.